

WELL FOUGHT BATTLES.

Our Army again Victorious.

Storming of Monterey—Forts taken by the Americans—Enemy's Guns turned upon himself—The Bishop's Palace stormed.

Capitulation of Ampudia—An Armistice.

Many Memoranda of operations of the American Army before Monterey, from the 19th to 24th Sept.

Continuation of the Express.

WASHINGTON, Sunday Evening.

On the 19th, Gen. Taylor arrived before Monterey with a force of about 6000 men.

After reconnoitering the city at about 1500 or 1600 yards from the Cathedral Fort, during which time he was fired upon from his batteries, his force was encamped at the Walnut Springs, three miles short of the city.

This was the nearest position at which the army could obtain a supply of water, and beyond the enemy's batteries.

The remainder of the 19th was occupied by the Engineers in making reconnoissances of the city batteries commanding the heights.

On the 20th, Gen. Worth was ordered with his division to move by a circuitous route to the right, to gain the Saltillo road, beyond the west of the town, and to storm the heights above the Bishop's Palace, which vital point to the enemy appears to have been strangely neglected.

Circumstances caused his halt on the night of the 20th, short of the intended operation. On the morning of the 21st inst., he continued his route, and after an encounter with a large body of the enemy's cavalry and infantry, supported by artillery from the heights, he repulsed them, with loss, and finally encamped, covering the passage of the Saltillo road.

It was here discovered, that besides the fort at the Bishop's Palace, and the occupation of the heights above it, two forts, on commanding eminences on the opposite side of the San Juan river, had been fortified and occupied.

These two latter heights were then stormed and carried, the guns of the last fort that was carried being immediately turned with a plunging fire upon the Bishop's Palace.

On the same morning, the 21st, the first division of regular troops, under Gen. Worth, and the volunteer division, under Gen. Butler, were ordered under arms to make a diversion to the left of the town in favor of the important operations of Gen. Worth.

The 10th and 12th regiments and two 24 pound howitzers had been put in battery the night of the 20th, on a ravine, 1400 yards distant from the cathedral fort, and were supported by the fourth regiment of infantry.

At 8 A. M., on the 21st, the order was given for this battery to open upon the cathedral and town. And immediately after the first division with the 3d and 4th regiments in advance, under Col. Garland, were ordered to reconnoiter, and skirmish with the enemy on the extreme left of the city, and should prospect of success offer, to carry the most advanced battery.

The attack was directed by Major Mansfield, engineer, Capt. Williams, topographical engineer, and Maj. Kinney, Quartermaster to the Texas division.

A heavy fire from the first battery was immediately opened upon the advance, but the troops soon turned it, entering and engaging with the enemy in the streets from the city, having passed through an incessant cross fire from the cathedral and the first and second batteries, and often from the infantry who lined the parapets, streets and house tops of the city.

The rear of the first battery was soon turned, and the reverse fire of the troops through the gorge of the works, killed or dislodged the artillery and infantry, and the building occupied by the infantry immediately in its rear.

The first division was followed and supported by the Mississippi, Tennessee and first Ohio regiments.

Two former regiments being the first to scale and occupy the fort, the success of the day stopped.

The Mississippi, Tennessee and Ohio regiments, though warmly engaged in the streets of the city for some time after the capture of the first battery, and its adjoining defences, were unable, from exhaustion, and the loss they had sustained, to gain more advantage.

A heavy shower of rain also came up to cause a suspension of the hostilities before the close of the day. The 3d, 4th and 1st infantry and the Baltimore battalion, remained as the garrison of the captured position under Col. Garland, assisted by the 12th regiments.

Two 12 pounders, one 4 pounder, and 1 howitzer, were captured in this fort, and 3 officers and some 20 or 30 men taken prisoners. One of the 12 pounders was served against the second fort, and defended with captured ammunition during the remainder of the day by Captain Ridgely.

Four pieces of artillery, with a good supply of ammunition, were captured in the Bishop's palace this day, some of which were immediately turned upon the enemy's defences in the city.

Early on the morning of the 24th, a communication was sent to Gen. Taylor from Gen. Ampudia, under a flag, making an offer of capitulation, to which the former refused to accede, as it asked more than the American Commander would under any consideration grant.

At the same time a demand to surrender was in reply made upon Gen. Ampudia, and 12 o'clock at noon was the hour at which the acceptance or non-acceptance was to be communicated to the American General.

At 11 A. M., the Mexican General requested a personal conference with Gen. Taylor, which was granted, the principal officers of rank on either side accompanying their Generals.

After several offers in relation to the capitulation of the city made on either side, and refused, at half past 4 P. M. General Taylor arose, and saying he would give General Ampudia one hour to consider, to accept or refuse, left the conference with his officers.

At the expiration of the hour, the discharge of the mortar was to be the signal for the recommencement of hostilities.

Before the expiration of the hour, however, an officer was sent on the part of Gen. Ampudia to inform the American General that, to prevent the further effusion of blood, he had decided to capitulate, accepting the offer of Gen. T.

The terms of capitulation were in effect as follows:—That the Mexican officers should be allowed to march out with their side arms; that the cavalry and infantry be allowed to march out with their arms and accoutrements; that the artillery should be allowed to march out with one battery of 6 pieces and 21 rounds of ammunition; that all other munitions of war and supplies should be turned over to a board of American officers appointed to receive them; the Mexican army should be allowed seven days to evacuate the city, and that the American troops should not occupy it until evacuated; that the cathedral fort, or citadel should be evacuated at 10 A. M. next day, 25th; the Mexicans then marching out, the American garrison marching in; that the Mexicans be allowed to evacuate their flag, when hauled down; that there be an armistice of eight weeks, during which time neither army should pass a line running from the Ranchoada, through Linares and San Fernando.

This instant offer of the American General was dictated with the concurrence of his generals, and by motives of good policy. This consideration was due to the good defence of their city by the Mexican army.

The above is from the New Orleans Picayune Extra, dated Sunday morning, Oct. 4, the intelligence having been received there by the steamer James L. Day, from Point Isabel.

Gen. J. M. Williams, it appears, retired from the bench of the Supreme Court.

VERMONT PHENIX.

POSTSCRIPT.

Later accounts indicate that the battles before Monterey were bloody ones—300 Americans are reported to have been killed and wounded and a much larger number of Mexicans. Among the former were several brave and gallant officers, and whose loss the country will greatly mourn.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.—We have received and read Gen. Taylor's first annual message, and shall lay it before our readers next week. It is short, bright to the core, and written with the author's characteristic candor and common sense.

Just as our paper is going to press we have received a communication from our Montpelier correspondent, but have only time for the following:

Sunday, Oct. 11.

A most melancholy and distressing event occurred at the Pavilion House this morning, about 7 A. M. Dr. Wm. Collier Warner, Representative from Bristol, in Addison County, came to his death in a most shocking and sudden manner. He took, by mistake, a quantity of a preparation of Nitro Venice, commonly known as Struckgas, a most violent and deadly poison, and died in ten or twelve minutes after. A post-mortem was performed at 1 o'clock, consisting of the Governor, Lieut. Governor, the two branches of the Legislature, Judges of the Supreme Court, members of Congress, &c., and proceeded to the State House, where a prayer was made by the Rev. Mr. Gridley, and immediately after a number of gentlemen started with the body for Bristol.

Yours, &c.

The General Assembly.

We are unable, from the crowded state of our columns, to give a full report of the proceedings of the Legislature; a brief summary must suffice.

Both Houses met in their respective rooms on Thursday, October 6th, at 10 o'clock. In the Senate, Hon. Geo. T. Hodges was elected President pro tempore, (Hodges 2d, Vice 4, Bradley 1) and D. W. C. Clark, Esq., was chosen Secretary.

The House was called to order by J. M. Smith, Secretary of State, and after short discussion on the right of certain members to seats, proceeded to the election of Speaker, with the following result:—

Whole number of votes, 190

Necessary to elect, 95

E. N. Briggs (Whig) had 112 and was elected.

C. H. Huntington (Liber) had 63

W. H. French (Union Party) 15

Scattering, 4

Ferrand P. Merrill was then elected Clerk pro tempore.

In the afternoon a Joint Assembly was held, when the committee to canvass the votes for State officers reported as follows:

For Governor, 40,703

Necessary for a choice, 20,352

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For Governor, 40,703

Married.

At the Vermont House, Oct. 12, by Rev. J. H. Willis, Mr. Simon Smith of Warwick, Mass. to Miss Rosa B. Martin of Marlboro, N. H.

In Vernon, Oct. 7th, by Lorenzo Brown, Esq., Mr. Henry H. Howland, of Albion, Orleans County, N. Y., to Miss Lucinda E. Scott, of the former place.

In Guilford, July 20th, by N. P. Chapin, Esq., Mr. Charles Burdett, of Guilford, to Miss Sarah E. Johnson, of Burlington, Mass.

By the same, August 18th, Mr. Lewis A. Allen, of South Deerfield, to Miss Phoebe Williams, of Springfield, Mass.

By the same, September 18th, Mr. Jonathan Richardson, of West Chisbury, N. Y., to Miss Eliza E. Hale, of Bernardston, Mass.

At Newfane, on the 4th inst., by Naham Houghton, Esq., Mr. Edward Adams, of Marlboro, to Miss Hannah Maria Orvis, of Newfane.

In Newfane, Aug. 13th, by Rev. F. Hartwell, Mr. Leonard J. Tilton, to Miss Sarah E. Davis, both of N. H.

At Fayetteville, by the same, 29th ult., Mr. Luke E. Osgood, of Beloit, Wisconsin, to Miss Cynthia Jones, of Rockingham.

Died.

In Danvers, on the 23rd inst., of consumption, Catherine D., daughter of Samuel and Sylvia Miller, aged 26.

In Guilford, Sept. 25th, Elizabeth Rider, daughter of William Rider, aged 22 years. During a confinement of 30 months, with a disease of the hip, she endured much suffering, with christian patience and resignation. "In the midst of life, we are in death." Papers in Keene, N. H. please copy.

In Danvers, on the 5th inst., Mr. Elijah Brown, aged 82 years, a Revolutionary pensioner. Printers in Mass. please notice.

In Greenfield, Oct. 3d, Mrs. Mary, wife of Col. Asa Small, aged 59. Mrs. Small had been in the village of Greenfield and was on her way home, when lying on well she slipped at the house of Mr. Nims, and died in a very few minutes.

In Springfield, Oct. 5th, Almira, wife of Apollis Mann, editor of the Statesman, aged 31.

At the residence of Mr. Brown Edwards, in Bernardston, on the 4th inst., Mrs. Lucy Harmon, of Milton, Ohio, aged 31.

At Montague, on the 3d inst., Eliza H., daughter of Mr. Philip Martin, aged 8 years.

In Coleraine, Sept. 15, Mrs. Mary Trunk, wife of Capt. E. J. Trunk.

In Warren, N. Y., on the 18th ult., Doct. Rufus Chase, for many years Postmaster of that town, aged 72 years. Dr. C. was formerly one of the Judges of the County Court and was one of the Electors of President and Vice President of the United States in 1828.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscriber would inform the public that he has connected with him in trade, Mr. H. M. Weatherbee. The business will hereafter be conducted under the name and firm of Thompson & Weatherbee.

S. F. THOMPSON.

Thompson & Weatherbee.

WOULD say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving and opening the

LARGEST AND MOST DESIRABLE STOCK OF

GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THE CENTRE OF WINDHAM COUNTY.

For proof of this an examination is solicited. Good Mittens, and all kinds of barker taken in exchange for Goods.

THOMPSON & WEATHERBEE.

Townsend, Oct. 8, 1846.

LIBERATION.

THIS certifies that I have this day given to my son, Solomon R. Warren, his time during the remainder of his minority, with liberty to transact business for himself. From this date I shall pay none of his debts, nor claim any of his earnings.

JOTHAM WARREN.

Oct. 12, 1846.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just returned from market, where he has selected a general assortment of GOODS suitable for the season, which will be sold as low as the lowest. Please call and see.

H. E. BAKER.

Fayetteville, Oct. 12, 1846.

BLACKSMITHS.

WANTED to hire six good Blacksmiths for six or twelve months. Good wages will be paid for good workmen.

J. RUSSELL & CO.

Greenfield, Mass., Oct., 1846.

BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber would inform the people of Guilford and vicinity, that he has returned to the old stand in East Guilford, to remain permanent, where he hopes by punctual attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

HIRAM PIERCE, Jr.

East Guilford, Oct. 15, 1846.

Commissioners' Notice.

WE the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. probate Court for the District of Marlboro, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of

DAVID NEWMAN,

late of Brattleboro, in said district, deceased; and also, all claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto, and six months from the 11th day of Sept. A. D. 1846, being allowed by said court for that purpose, do hereby give notice that we will attend to the business of our appointment at the Inn of Rowell Goodenough, in said Brattleboro, on the third Monday of November and February next, from 1 o'clock to 4 P. M., on each of said days.

SAM'L ROOT, } Comm'rs.

SAM'L DUTTON, } Comm'rs.

Brattleboro, Oct. 12, 1846.

Commissioners' Notice.

WE the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. probate Court for the district of Westminster, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of

SOPHIA WILDER,

late of Putney in said district, deceased; and also, all the claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto, and six months from the 3d day of Oct. A. D. 1846, being allowed by said court for that purpose, do hereby give notice that we will attend to the business of our appointment at the late dwelling house of said deceased, in Putney, on the 1st Saturday of November next, from 1 o'clock to 5 P. M.

P. R. CHANDLER, } Comm'rs.

JAMES KEYES, } Comm'rs.

Putney, Oct. 6, 1846.

STATE OF VERMONT.

Probate District of Marlboro, ss.

In Probate Court, Oct. 9, 1846.

COMES before A. Cook and Alanson Randall, administrators upon the estate of LEONARD COOK, late of Windsor, in said district, deceased, and moves the Court here, for an extension of the time heretofore allowed them to settle said estate, and pay the debts of said deceased.

Whereupon, it is ordered, that a hearing be had on said application before the probate court, at a special session thereof, to be held at the probate office in Brattleboro, on the first Monday of November next. And for the purpose of notifying all persons interested therein of the time and place of hearing, said administrators are directed to publish a copy of the record of this order three weeks successively in the Vermont Phoenix, printed at Brattleboro in said district, previous to said time of hearing.

A true copy from the Record.

LEMUEL WHITNEY, Judge of Probate.

Brighton Market—Monday, Oct. 5.

At Market 1400 Beef Cattle, 1550 Sheep, 3500 Sheep and 650 Swine.

Prices.—Beef Cattle.—The prices obtained last week for a like quality were not sustained. A few better cattle were at market. We quote extra \$5.50; first quality, \$5.25; second, \$4.50 to \$5.00; third \$3.50 and \$4.00. Swine.—Two year old \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Sheep.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Swine.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Butter.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Eggs.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Wheat.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Rye.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Oats.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Barley.—Same quality \$10 and \$14; three year old \$15 and \$16.

Clay.—Same quality \$10 and \$14